Canine CGE (Cancer Gene Expression) Test

This test can provide the applicability of targeted therapies, including tyrosine kinase inhibitors, by examining the overexpression of cancer-related genes in surgically resected cancer tissues. Quantitative multiplex real-time PCR is performed by isolating RNA from tumor tissues and surrounding non-tumor tissues, and the differences in expression of 12 genes, including tyrosine kinase receptors (RTKs) that activate cell proliferation, are quantitatively analyzed.



Test Process

Sample request

Quantitative multiplex real-time PCR

Result report

Tumor tissue (surgery, biopsy) Surrounding noncancer tissue

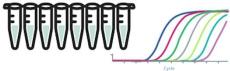
RNA extraction





Multiplex qPCR for 12 types of genes

- VEGFR, PDGFR, RAF, Kit etc.





Tumor tissue (Tumor: Collected by surgery or biopsy)

Non-tumor tissue (Control: Part of the surrounding tissue where cancer lesions are not visible to the naked eye)

12 types of cancer-related genes : VEGFR1, VEGFR2, PDGFR- α , PDGFR- β , EGFR, ErbB2, BRAF, FGFR1, ALK, c-KIT, Vimentin, vWF

Test results can be used to determine the malignancy of a patient's tumor and prospective anticancer drugs.

The test results can only be used for clinical purposes.

